

# Formalization of the Data Encryption Standard<sup>1</sup>

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**Summary.** In this article we formalize DES (the Data Encryption Standard), that was the most widely used symmetric cryptosystem in the world. DES is a block cipher which was selected by the National Bureau of Standards as an official Federal Information Processing Standard for the United States in 1976 [15].

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The papers [14], [5], [12], [1], [16], [4], [6], [18], [11], [7], [8], [17], [20], [2], [3], [9], [21], [22], [13], [19], and [10] provide the terminology and notation for this paper.

## 1. PRELIMINARIES

Let  $n$  be a natural number and let  $f$  be an  $n$ -element finite sequence. Note that  $\text{Rev}(f)$  is  $n$ -element.

Let  $D$  be a non empty set, let  $n$  be a natural number, and let  $f$  be an element of  $D^n$ . Then  $\text{Rev}(f)$  is an element of  $D^n$ .

Let  $n$  be a natural number and let  $f$  be a finite sequence. We introduce  $\text{Op-Left}(f, n)$  as a synonym of  $f \upharpoonright n$ . We introduce  $\text{Op-Right}(f, n)$  as a synonym of  $f \downharpoonright n$ .

Let  $D$  be a non empty set, let  $n$  be a natural number, and let  $f$  be a finite sequence of elements of  $D$ . Then  $\text{Op-Left}(f, n)$  is a finite sequence of elements of  $D$ . Then  $\text{Op-Right}(f, n)$  is a finite sequence of elements of  $D$ .

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Let  $D$  be a non empty set, let  $n$  be a natural number, and let  $s$  be an element of  $D^{2^n}$ . We introduce SP-Left  $s$  as a synonym of Op-Left( $s, n$ ). We introduce SP-Right  $s$  as a synonym of Op-Right( $s, n$ ).

Let  $D$  be a non empty set, let  $n$  be a natural number, and let  $s$  be an element of  $D^{2^n}$ . Then SP-Left  $s$  is an element of  $D^n$ .

One can prove the following propositions:

- (1) For all non empty elements  $m, n$  of  $\mathbb{N}$  and for every element  $s$  of  $D^n$  such that  $m \leq n$  holds Op-Left( $s, m$ ) is an element of  $D^m$ .
- (2) Let  $m, n, l$  be non empty elements of  $\mathbb{N}$  and  $s$  be an element of  $D^n$ . If  $m \leq n$  and  $l = n - m$ , then Op-Right( $s, m$ ) is an element of  $D^l$ .

Let  $D$  be a non empty set, let  $n$  be a non empty element of  $\mathbb{N}$ , and let  $s$  be an element of  $D^{2^n}$ . Then SP-Right  $s$  is an element of  $D^n$ .

Next we state the proposition

- (3) For every non empty element  $n$  of  $\mathbb{N}$  and for every element  $s$  of  $D^{2^n}$  holds (SP-Left  $s$ )  $\cap$  SP-Right  $s = s$ .

Let  $s$  be a finite sequence. The functor Op-LeftShift  $s$  yielding a finite sequence is defined by:

(Def. 1) Op-LeftShift  $s = (s_{|1}) \cap \langle s(1) \rangle$ .

Next we state three propositions:

- (4) For every finite sequence  $s$  such that  $1 \leq \text{len } s$  holds  $\text{len Op-LeftShift } s = \text{len } s$ .
- (5) If  $1 \leq \text{len } s$ , then Op-LeftShift  $s$  is a finite sequence of elements of  $D$  and  $\text{len Op-LeftShift } s = \text{len } s$ .
- (6) For every non empty element  $n$  of  $\mathbb{N}$  and for every element  $s$  of  $D^n$  holds Op-LeftShift  $s$  is an element of  $D^n$ .

Let  $s$  be a finite sequence. The functor Op-RightShift  $s$  yields a finite sequence and is defined by:

(Def. 2) Op-RightShift  $s = (\langle s(\text{len } s) \rangle \cap s) \upharpoonright \text{len } s$ .

One can prove the following three propositions:

- (7) For every finite sequence  $s$  holds  $\text{len Op-RightShift } s = \text{len } s$ .
- (8) If  $1 \leq \text{len } s$ , then Op-RightShift  $s$  is a finite sequence of elements of  $D$  and  $\text{len Op-RightShift } s = \text{len } s$ .
- (9) For every non empty element  $n$  of  $\mathbb{N}$  and for every element  $s$  of  $D^n$  holds Op-RightShift  $s$  is an element of  $D^n$ .

Let  $D$  be a non empty set, let  $s$  be a finite sequence of elements of  $D$ , and let  $n$  be an integer. Let us assume that  $1 \leq \text{len } s$ . The functor Op-Shift( $s, n$ ) yields a finite sequence of elements of  $D$  and is defined by:

(Def. 3)  $\text{len Op-Shift}(s, n) = \text{len } s$  and for every natural number  $i$  such that  $i \in \text{Seg len } s$  holds  $(\text{Op-Shift}(s, n))(i) = s(((i - 1) + n) \bmod \text{len } s + 1)$ .

The following propositions are true:

- (10) For all integers  $n, m$  such that  $1 \leq \text{len } s$  holds  $\text{Op-Shift}(\text{Op-Shift}(s, n), m) = \text{Op-Shift}(s, n + m)$ .
- (11) If  $1 \leq \text{len } s$ , then  $\text{Op-Shift}(s, 0) = s$ .
- (12) If  $1 \leq \text{len } s$ , then  $\text{Op-Shift}(s, \text{len } s) = s$ .
- (13) If  $1 \leq \text{len } s$ , then  $\text{Op-Shift}(s, -\text{len } s) = s$ .
- (14) Let  $n$  be a non empty element of  $\mathbb{N}$ ,  $m$  be an integer, and  $s$  be an element of  $D^n$ . Then  $\text{Op-Shift}(s, m)$  is an element of  $D^n$ .
- (15) If  $1 \leq \text{len } s$ , then  $\text{Op-Shift}(s, -1) = \text{Op-RightShift } s$ .
- (16) If  $1 \leq \text{len } s$ , then  $\text{Op-Shift}(s, 1) = \text{Op-LeftShift } s$ .

Let  $x, y$  be elements of  $\text{Boolean}^{28}$ . Then  $x \wedge y$  is an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{56}$ .

Let  $n$  be a non empty element of  $\mathbb{N}$ , let  $s$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^n$ , and let  $i$  be a natural number. Then  $s(i)$  is an element of  $\text{Boolean}$ .

Let  $n$  be a non empty element of  $\mathbb{N}$ , let  $s$  be an element of  $\mathbb{N}^n$ , and let  $i$  be a natural number. Then  $s(i)$  is an element of  $\mathbb{N}$ .

Let  $n$  be a natural number. Observe that every element of  $\text{Boolean}^n$  is boolean-valued.

Let  $n$  be an element of  $\mathbb{N}$  and let  $s, t$  be elements of  $\text{Boolean}^n$ . We introduce  $\text{Op-XOR}(s, t)$  as a synonym of  $s \oplus t$ .

Let  $n$  be a non empty element of  $\mathbb{N}$  and let  $s, t$  be elements of  $\text{Boolean}^n$ . Then  $\text{Op-XOR}(s, t)$  is an element of  $\text{Boolean}^n$  and it can be characterized by the condition:

- (Def. 4) For every natural number  $i$  such that  $i \in \text{Seg } n$  holds  $(\text{Op-XOR}(s, t))(i) = s(i) \oplus t(i)$ .

Let us notice that the functor  $\text{Op-XOR}(s, t)$  is commutative.

Let  $n, k$  be non empty elements of  $\mathbb{N}$ , let  $R_1$  be an element of  $(\text{Boolean}^n)^k$ , and let  $i$  be an element of  $\text{Seg } k$ . Then  $R_1(i)$  is an element of  $\text{Boolean}^n$ .

We now state the proposition

- (17) For every non empty element  $n$  of  $\mathbb{N}$  and for all elements  $s, t$  of  $\text{Boolean}^n$  holds  $\text{Op-XOR}(\text{Op-XOR}(s, t), t) = s$ .

Let  $m$  be a non empty element of  $\mathbb{N}$ , let  $D$  be a non empty set, let  $L$  be a sequence of  $D^m$ , and let  $i$  be a natural number. Then  $L(i)$  is an element of  $D^m$ .

Let  $f$  be a function from 64 into 16 and let  $i$  be a set. Then  $f(i)$  is an element of 16.

Next we state the proposition

- (18) For all natural numbers  $n, m$  such that  $n + m \leq \text{len } s$  holds  $(s \upharpoonright n) \wedge (s \upharpoonright_n \upharpoonright m) = s \upharpoonright (n + m)$ .

The scheme *QuadChoiceRec* deals with non empty sets  $\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C}, \mathcal{D}$ , an element  $\mathcal{E}$  of  $\mathcal{A}$ , an element  $\mathcal{F}$  of  $\mathcal{B}$ , an element  $\mathcal{G}$  of  $\mathcal{C}$ , an element  $\mathcal{H}$  of  $\mathcal{D}$ , and a 9-ary predicate  $\mathcal{P}$ , and states that:

There exists a function  $f$  from  $\mathbb{N}$  into  $\mathcal{A}$  and there exists a function  $g$  from  $\mathbb{N}$  into  $\mathcal{B}$  and there exists a function  $h$  from  $\mathbb{N}$  into  $\mathcal{C}$  and there exists a function  $i$  from  $\mathbb{N}$  into  $\mathcal{D}$  such that  $f(0) = \mathcal{E}$  and  $g(0) = \mathcal{F}$  and  $h(0) = \mathcal{G}$  and  $i(0) = \mathcal{H}$  and for every element  $n$  of  $\mathbb{N}$  holds  $\mathcal{P}[n, f(n), g(n), h(n), i(n), f(n+1), g(n+1), h(n+1), i(n+1)]$  provided the following condition is satisfied:

- Let  $n$  be an element of  $\mathbb{N}$ ,  $x$  be an element of  $\mathcal{A}$ ,  $y$  be an element of  $\mathcal{B}$ ,  $z$  be an element of  $\mathcal{C}$ , and  $w$  be an element of  $\mathcal{D}$ . Then there exists an element  $x_1$  of  $\mathcal{A}$  and there exists an element  $y_1$  of  $\mathcal{B}$  and there exists an element  $z_1$  of  $\mathcal{C}$  and there exists an element  $w_1$  of  $\mathcal{D}$  such that  $\mathcal{P}[n, x, y, z, w, x_1, y_1, z_1, w_1]$ .

Next we state a number of propositions:

- (19) Let  $x$  be a set. Suppose  $x \in \text{Seg } 16$ . Then  $x = 1$  or  $x = 2$  or  $x = 3$  or  $x = 4$  or  $x = 5$  or  $x = 6$  or  $x = 7$  or  $x = 8$  or  $x = 9$  or  $x = 10$  or  $x = 11$  or  $x = 12$  or  $x = 13$  or  $x = 14$  or  $x = 15$  or  $x = 16$ .
- (20) Let  $x$  be a set. Suppose  $x \in \text{Seg } 32$ . Then  $x = 1$  or  $x = 2$  or  $x = 3$  or  $x = 4$  or  $x = 5$  or  $x = 6$  or  $x = 7$  or  $x = 8$  or  $x = 9$  or  $x = 10$  or  $x = 11$  or  $x = 12$  or  $x = 13$  or  $x = 14$  or  $x = 15$  or  $x = 16$  or  $x = 17$  or  $x = 18$  or  $x = 19$  or  $x = 20$  or  $x = 21$  or  $x = 22$  or  $x = 23$  or  $x = 24$  or  $x = 25$  or  $x = 26$  or  $x = 27$  or  $x = 28$  or  $x = 29$  or  $x = 30$  or  $x = 31$  or  $x = 32$ .
- (21) Let  $x$  be a set. Suppose  $x \in \text{Seg } 48$ . Then  $x = 1$  or  $x = 2$  or  $x = 3$  or  $x = 4$  or  $x = 5$  or  $x = 6$  or  $x = 7$  or  $x = 8$  or  $x = 9$  or  $x = 10$  or  $x = 11$  or  $x = 12$  or  $x = 13$  or  $x = 14$  or  $x = 15$  or  $x = 16$  or  $x = 17$  or  $x = 18$  or  $x = 19$  or  $x = 20$  or  $x = 21$  or  $x = 22$  or  $x = 23$  or  $x = 24$  or  $x = 25$  or  $x = 26$  or  $x = 27$  or  $x = 28$  or  $x = 29$  or  $x = 30$  or  $x = 31$  or  $x = 32$  or  $x = 33$  or  $x = 34$  or  $x = 35$  or  $x = 36$  or  $x = 37$  or  $x = 38$  or  $x = 39$  or  $x = 40$  or  $x = 41$  or  $x = 42$  or  $x = 43$  or  $x = 44$  or  $x = 45$  or  $x = 46$  or  $x = 47$  or  $x = 48$ .
- (22) Let  $x$  be a set. Suppose  $x \in \text{Seg } 56$ . Then  $x = 1$  or  $x = 2$  or  $x = 3$  or  $x = 4$  or  $x = 5$  or  $x = 6$  or  $x = 7$  or  $x = 8$  or  $x = 9$  or  $x = 10$  or  $x = 11$  or  $x = 12$  or  $x = 13$  or  $x = 14$  or  $x = 15$  or  $x = 16$  or  $x = 17$  or  $x = 18$  or  $x = 19$  or  $x = 20$  or  $x = 21$  or  $x = 22$  or  $x = 23$  or  $x = 24$  or  $x = 25$  or  $x = 26$  or  $x = 27$  or  $x = 28$  or  $x = 29$  or  $x = 30$  or  $x = 31$  or  $x = 32$  or  $x = 33$  or  $x = 34$  or  $x = 35$  or  $x = 36$  or  $x = 37$  or  $x = 38$  or  $x = 39$  or  $x = 40$  or  $x = 41$  or  $x = 42$  or  $x = 43$  or  $x = 44$  or  $x = 45$  or  $x = 46$  or  $x = 47$  or  $x = 48$  or  $x = 49$  or  $x = 50$  or  $x = 51$  or  $x = 52$  or  $x = 53$  or  $x = 54$  or  $x = 55$  or  $x = 56$ .
- (23) Let  $x$  be a set. Suppose  $x \in \text{Seg } 64$ . Then  $x = 1$  or  $x = 2$  or  $x = 3$  or  $x = 4$  or  $x = 5$  or  $x = 6$  or  $x = 7$  or  $x = 8$  or  $x = 9$  or  $x = 10$  or  $x = 11$  or  $x = 12$  or  $x = 13$  or  $x = 14$  or  $x = 15$  or  $x = 16$  or  $x = 17$  or  $x = 18$  or  $x = 19$  or  $x = 20$  or  $x = 21$  or  $x = 22$  or  $x = 23$  or  $x = 24$  or  $x = 25$  or

$x = 26$  or  $x = 27$  or  $x = 28$  or  $x = 29$  or  $x = 30$  or  $x = 31$  or  $x = 32$  or  
 $x = 33$  or  $x = 34$  or  $x = 35$  or  $x = 36$  or  $x = 37$  or  $x = 38$  or  $x = 39$  or  
 $x = 40$  or  $x = 41$  or  $x = 42$  or  $x = 43$  or  $x = 44$  or  $x = 45$  or  $x = 46$  or  
 $x = 47$  or  $x = 48$  or  $x = 49$  or  $x = 50$  or  $x = 51$  or  $x = 52$  or  $x = 53$  or  
 $x = 54$  or  $x = 55$  or  $x = 56$  or  $x = 57$  or  $x = 58$  or  $x = 59$  or  $x = 60$  or  
 $x = 61$  or  $x = 62$  or  $x = 63$  or  $x = 64$ .

- (24) For every non empty natural number  $n$  holds  $n = \{0\} \cup (\text{Seg } n \setminus \{n\})$ .
- (25) For every non empty natural number  $n$  and for every set  $x$  such that  $x \in n$  holds  $x = 0$  or  $x \in \text{Seg } n$  and  $x \neq n$ .
- (26) Let  $x$  be a set. Suppose  $x \in 16$ . Then  $x = 0$  or  $x = 1$  or  $x = 2$  or  $x = 3$  or  $x = 4$  or  $x = 5$  or  $x = 6$  or  $x = 7$  or  $x = 8$  or  $x = 9$  or  $x = 10$  or  $x = 11$  or  $x = 12$  or  $x = 13$  or  $x = 14$  or  $x = 15$ .
- (27) Let  $x$  be a set. Suppose  $x \in 64$ . Then  $x = 0$  or  $x = 1$  or  $x = 2$  or  $x = 3$  or  $x = 4$  or  $x = 5$  or  $x = 6$  or  $x = 7$  or  $x = 8$  or  $x = 9$  or  $x = 10$  or  $x = 11$  or  $x = 12$  or  $x = 13$  or  $x = 14$  or  $x = 15$  or  $x = 16$  or  $x = 17$  or  $x = 18$  or  $x = 19$  or  $x = 20$  or  $x = 21$  or  $x = 22$  or  $x = 23$  or  $x = 24$  or  $x = 25$  or  $x = 26$  or  $x = 27$  or  $x = 28$  or  $x = 29$  or  $x = 30$  or  $x = 31$  or  $x = 32$  or  $x = 33$  or  $x = 34$  or  $x = 35$  or  $x = 36$  or  $x = 37$  or  $x = 38$  or  $x = 39$  or  $x = 40$  or  $x = 41$  or  $x = 42$  or  $x = 43$  or  $x = 44$  or  $x = 45$  or  $x = 46$  or  $x = 47$  or  $x = 48$  or  $x = 49$  or  $x = 50$  or  $x = 51$  or  $x = 52$  or  $x = 53$  or  $x = 54$  or  $x = 55$  or  $x = 56$  or  $x = 57$  or  $x = 58$  or  $x = 59$  or  $x = 60$  or  $x = 61$  or  $x = 62$  or  $x = 63$ .
- (28) Let  $S$  be a non empty set and  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8$  be elements of  $S$ . Then there exists a finite sequence  $s$  of elements of  $S$  such that  $s$  is 8-element and  $s(1) = x_1$  and  $s(2) = x_2$  and  $s(3) = x_3$  and  $s(4) = x_4$  and  $s(5) = x_5$  and  $s(6) = x_6$  and  $s(7) = x_7$  and  $s(8) = x_8$ .
- (29) Let  $S$  be a non empty set and  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}$  be elements of  $S$ . Then there exists a finite sequence  $s$  of elements of  $S$  such that  $s$  is 16-element and  $s(1) = x_1$  and  $s(2) = x_2$  and  $s(3) = x_3$  and  $s(4) = x_4$  and  $s(5) = x_5$  and  $s(6) = x_6$  and  $s(7) = x_7$  and  $s(8) = x_8$  and  $s(9) = x_9$  and  $s(10) = x_{10}$  and  $s(11) = x_{11}$  and  $s(12) = x_{12}$  and  $s(13) = x_{13}$  and  $s(14) = x_{14}$  and  $s(15) = x_{15}$  and  $s(16) = x_{16}$ .
- (30) Let  $S$  be a non empty set and  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}, x_{17}, x_{18}, x_{19}, x_{20}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{23}, x_{24}, x_{25}, x_{26}, x_{27}, x_{28}, x_{29}, x_{30}, x_{31}, x_{32}$  be elements of  $S$ . Then there exists a finite sequence  $s$  of elements of  $S$  such that  $s$  is 32-element and  $s(1) = x_1$  and  $s(2) = x_2$  and  $s(3) = x_3$  and  $s(4) = x_4$  and  $s(5) = x_5$  and  $s(6) = x_6$  and  $s(7) = x_7$  and  $s(8) = x_8$  and  $s(9) = x_9$  and  $s(10) = x_{10}$  and  $s(11) = x_{11}$  and  $s(12) = x_{12}$  and  $s(13) = x_{13}$  and  $s(14) = x_{14}$  and  $s(15) = x_{15}$  and  $s(16) = x_{16}$  and  $s(17) = x_{17}$

and  $s(18) = x_{18}$  and  $s(19) = x_{19}$  and  $s(20) = x_{20}$  and  $s(21) = x_{21}$   
 and  $s(22) = x_{22}$  and  $s(23) = x_{23}$  and  $s(24) = x_{24}$  and  $s(25) = x_{25}$   
 and  $s(26) = x_{26}$  and  $s(27) = x_{27}$  and  $s(28) = x_{28}$  and  $s(29) = x_{29}$  and  
 $s(30) = x_{30}$  and  $s(31) = x_{31}$  and  $s(32) = x_{32}$ .

- (31) Let  $S$  be a non empty set and  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}, x_{17}, x_{18}, x_{19}, x_{20}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{23}, x_{24}, x_{25}, x_{26}, x_{27}, x_{28}, x_{29}, x_{30}, x_{31}, x_{32}, x_{33}, x_{34}, x_{35}, x_{36}, x_{37}, x_{38}, x_{39}, x_{40}, x_{41}, x_{42}, x_{43}, x_{44}, x_{45}, x_{46}, x_{47}, x_{48}$  be elements of  $S$ . Then there exists a finite sequence  $s$  of elements of  $S$  such that

$s$  is 48-element and  $s(1) = x_1$  and  $s(2) = x_2$  and  $s(3) = x_3$  and  $s(4) = x_4$   
 and  $s(5) = x_5$  and  $s(6) = x_6$  and  $s(7) = x_7$  and  $s(8) = x_8$  and  $s(9) = x_9$   
 and  $s(10) = x_{10}$  and  $s(11) = x_{11}$  and  $s(12) = x_{12}$  and  $s(13) = x_{13}$   
 and  $s(14) = x_{14}$  and  $s(15) = x_{15}$  and  $s(16) = x_{16}$  and  $s(17) = x_{17}$   
 and  $s(18) = x_{18}$  and  $s(19) = x_{19}$  and  $s(20) = x_{20}$  and  $s(21) = x_{21}$   
 and  $s(22) = x_{22}$  and  $s(23) = x_{23}$  and  $s(24) = x_{24}$  and  $s(25) = x_{25}$   
 and  $s(26) = x_{26}$  and  $s(27) = x_{27}$  and  $s(28) = x_{28}$  and  $s(29) = x_{29}$   
 and  $s(30) = x_{30}$  and  $s(31) = x_{31}$  and  $s(32) = x_{32}$  and  $s(33) = x_{33}$   
 and  $s(34) = x_{34}$  and  $s(35) = x_{35}$  and  $s(36) = x_{36}$  and  $s(37) = x_{37}$   
 and  $s(38) = x_{38}$  and  $s(39) = x_{39}$  and  $s(40) = x_{40}$  and  $s(41) = x_{41}$   
 and  $s(42) = x_{42}$  and  $s(43) = x_{43}$  and  $s(44) = x_{44}$  and  $s(45) = x_{45}$  and  
 $s(46) = x_{46}$  and  $s(47) = x_{47}$  and  $s(48) = x_{48}$ .

- (32) Let  $S$  be a non empty set and  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}, x_{17}, x_{18}, x_{19}, x_{20}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{23}, x_{24}, x_{25}, x_{26}, x_{27}, x_{28}, x_{29}, x_{30}, x_{31}, x_{32}, x_{33}, x_{34}, x_{35}, x_{36}, x_{37}, x_{38}, x_{39}, x_{40}, x_{41}, x_{42}, x_{43}, x_{44}, x_{45}, x_{46}, x_{47}, x_{48}, x_{49}, x_{50}, x_{51}, x_{52}, x_{53}, x_{54}, x_{55}, x_{56}$  be elements of  $S$ . Then there exists a finite sequence  $s$  of elements of  $S$  such that

$s$  is 56-element and  $s(1) = x_1$  and  $s(2) = x_2$  and  $s(3) = x_3$  and  $s(4) = x_4$   
 and  $s(5) = x_5$  and  $s(6) = x_6$  and  $s(7) = x_7$  and  $s(8) = x_8$  and  $s(9) = x_9$   
 and  $s(10) = x_{10}$  and  $s(11) = x_{11}$  and  $s(12) = x_{12}$  and  $s(13) = x_{13}$   
 and  $s(14) = x_{14}$  and  $s(15) = x_{15}$  and  $s(16) = x_{16}$  and  $s(17) = x_{17}$   
 and  $s(18) = x_{18}$  and  $s(19) = x_{19}$  and  $s(20) = x_{20}$  and  $s(21) = x_{21}$   
 and  $s(22) = x_{22}$  and  $s(23) = x_{23}$  and  $s(24) = x_{24}$  and  $s(25) = x_{25}$   
 and  $s(26) = x_{26}$  and  $s(27) = x_{27}$  and  $s(28) = x_{28}$  and  $s(29) = x_{29}$   
 and  $s(30) = x_{30}$  and  $s(31) = x_{31}$  and  $s(32) = x_{32}$  and  $s(33) = x_{33}$   
 and  $s(34) = x_{34}$  and  $s(35) = x_{35}$  and  $s(36) = x_{36}$  and  $s(37) = x_{37}$   
 and  $s(38) = x_{38}$  and  $s(39) = x_{39}$  and  $s(40) = x_{40}$  and  $s(41) = x_{41}$   
 and  $s(42) = x_{42}$  and  $s(43) = x_{43}$  and  $s(44) = x_{44}$  and  $s(45) = x_{45}$   
 and  $s(46) = x_{46}$  and  $s(47) = x_{47}$  and  $s(48) = x_{48}$  and  $s(49) = x_{49}$   
 and  $s(50) = x_{50}$  and  $s(51) = x_{51}$  and  $s(52) = x_{52}$  and  $s(53) = x_{53}$  and  
 $s(54) = x_{54}$  and  $s(55) = x_{55}$  and  $s(56) = x_{56}$ .

- (33) Let  $S$  be a non empty set and  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11},$

$x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}, x_{17}, x_{18}, x_{19}, x_{20}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{23}, x_{24}, x_{25}, x_{26}, x_{27}, x_{28}, x_{29}, x_{30}, x_{31}, x_{32}, x_{33}, x_{34}, x_{35}, x_{36}, x_{37}, x_{38}, x_{39}, x_{40}, x_{41}, x_{42}, x_{43}, x_{44}, x_{45}, x_{46}, x_{47}, x_{48}, x_{49}, x_{50}, x_{51}, x_{52}, x_{53}, x_{54}, x_{55}, x_{56}, x_{57}, x_{58}, x_{59}, x_{60}, x_{61}, x_{62}, x_{63}, x_{64}$  be elements of  $S$ . Then there exists a finite sequence  $s$  of elements of  $S$  such that

$s$  is 64-element and  $s(1) = x_1$  and  $s(2) = x_2$  and  $s(3) = x_3$  and  $s(4) = x_4$  and  $s(5) = x_5$  and  $s(6) = x_6$  and  $s(7) = x_7$  and  $s(8) = x_8$  and  $s(9) = x_9$  and  $s(10) = x_{10}$  and  $s(11) = x_{11}$  and  $s(12) = x_{12}$  and  $s(13) = x_{13}$  and  $s(14) = x_{14}$  and  $s(15) = x_{15}$  and  $s(16) = x_{16}$  and  $s(17) = x_{17}$  and  $s(18) = x_{18}$  and  $s(19) = x_{19}$  and  $s(20) = x_{20}$  and  $s(21) = x_{21}$  and  $s(22) = x_{22}$  and  $s(23) = x_{23}$  and  $s(24) = x_{24}$  and  $s(25) = x_{25}$  and  $s(26) = x_{26}$  and  $s(27) = x_{27}$  and  $s(28) = x_{28}$  and  $s(29) = x_{29}$  and  $s(30) = x_{30}$  and  $s(31) = x_{31}$  and  $s(32) = x_{32}$  and  $s(33) = x_{33}$  and  $s(34) = x_{34}$  and  $s(35) = x_{35}$  and  $s(36) = x_{36}$  and  $s(37) = x_{37}$  and  $s(38) = x_{38}$  and  $s(39) = x_{39}$  and  $s(40) = x_{40}$  and  $s(41) = x_{41}$  and  $s(42) = x_{42}$  and  $s(43) = x_{43}$  and  $s(44) = x_{44}$  and  $s(45) = x_{45}$  and  $s(46) = x_{46}$  and  $s(47) = x_{47}$  and  $s(48) = x_{48}$  and  $s(49) = x_{49}$  and  $s(50) = x_{50}$  and  $s(51) = x_{51}$  and  $s(52) = x_{52}$  and  $s(53) = x_{53}$  and  $s(54) = x_{54}$  and  $s(55) = x_{55}$  and  $s(56) = x_{56}$  and  $s(57) = x_{57}$  and  $s(58) = x_{58}$  and  $s(59) = x_{59}$  and  $s(60) = x_{60}$  and  $s(61) = x_{61}$  and  $s(62) = x_{62}$  and  $s(63) = x_{63}$  and  $s(64) = x_{64}$ .

Let  $n$  be a non empty natural number and let  $i$  be an element of  $n$ . We introduce  $\text{ntoSeg } i$  as a synonym of  $\text{succ } i$ .

Let  $n$  be a non empty natural number and let  $i$  be an element of  $n$ . Then  $\text{ntoSeg } i$  is an element of  $\text{Seg } n$ .

Let  $n$  be a non empty natural number and let  $f$  be a function from  $n$  into  $\text{Seg } n$ . We say that  $f$  is  $\text{NtoSeg}$  if and only if:

(Def. 5) For every element  $i$  of  $n$  holds  $f(i) = \text{ntoSeg } i$ .

Let  $n$  be a non empty natural number. One can check that there exists a function from  $n$  into  $\text{Seg } n$  which is  $\text{NtoSeg}$ .

Let  $n$  be a non empty natural number. Observe that every function from  $n$  into  $\text{Seg } n$  is bijective and  $\text{NtoSeg}$ .

We now state two propositions:

(34) Let  $n$  be a non empty natural number,  $f$  be an  $\text{NtoSeg}$  function from  $n$  into  $\text{Seg } n$ , and  $i$  be a natural number. If  $i < n$ , then  $f(i) = i + 1$  and  $i \in \text{dom } f$ .

(35) Let  $S$  be a non empty set and  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{13}, x_{14}, x_{15}, x_{16}, x_{17}, x_{18}, x_{19}, x_{20}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{23}, x_{24}, x_{25}, x_{26}, x_{27}, x_{28}, x_{29}, x_{30}, x_{31}, x_{32}, x_{33}, x_{34}, x_{35}, x_{36}, x_{37}, x_{38}, x_{39}, x_{40}, x_{41}, x_{42}, x_{43}, x_{44}, x_{45}, x_{46}, x_{47}, x_{48}, x_{49}, x_{50}, x_{51}, x_{52}, x_{53}, x_{54}, x_{55}, x_{56}, x_{57}, x_{58}, x_{59}, x_{60}, x_{61}, x_{62}, x_{63}, x_{64}$  be elements of  $S$ . Then there exists a function  $f$

from 64 into  $S$  such that

$f(0) = x_1$  and  $f(1) = x_2$  and  $f(2) = x_3$  and  $f(3) = x_4$  and  $f(4) = x_5$  and  
 $f(5) = x_6$  and  $f(6) = x_7$  and  $f(7) = x_8$  and  $f(8) = x_9$  and  $f(9) = x_{10}$   
and  $f(10) = x_{11}$  and  $f(11) = x_{12}$  and  $f(12) = x_{13}$  and  $f(13) = x_{14}$   
and  $f(14) = x_{15}$  and  $f(15) = x_{16}$  and  $f(16) = x_{17}$  and  $f(17) = x_{18}$   
and  $f(18) = x_{19}$  and  $f(19) = x_{20}$  and  $f(20) = x_{21}$  and  $f(21) = x_{22}$   
and  $f(22) = x_{23}$  and  $f(23) = x_{24}$  and  $f(24) = x_{25}$  and  $f(25) = x_{26}$   
and  $f(26) = x_{27}$  and  $f(27) = x_{28}$  and  $f(28) = x_{29}$  and  $f(29) = x_{30}$   
and  $f(30) = x_{31}$  and  $f(31) = x_{32}$  and  $f(32) = x_{33}$  and  $f(33) = x_{34}$   
and  $f(34) = x_{35}$  and  $f(35) = x_{36}$  and  $f(36) = x_{37}$  and  $f(37) = x_{38}$   
and  $f(38) = x_{39}$  and  $f(39) = x_{40}$  and  $f(40) = x_{41}$  and  $f(41) = x_{42}$   
and  $f(42) = x_{43}$  and  $f(43) = x_{44}$  and  $f(44) = x_{45}$  and  $f(45) = x_{46}$   
and  $f(46) = x_{47}$  and  $f(47) = x_{48}$  and  $f(48) = x_{49}$  and  $f(49) = x_{50}$   
and  $f(50) = x_{51}$  and  $f(51) = x_{52}$  and  $f(52) = x_{53}$  and  $f(53) = x_{54}$   
and  $f(54) = x_{55}$  and  $f(55) = x_{56}$  and  $f(56) = x_{57}$  and  $f(57) = x_{58}$   
and  $f(58) = x_{59}$  and  $f(59) = x_{60}$  and  $f(60) = x_{61}$  and  $f(61) = x_{62}$  and  
 $f(62) = x_{63}$  and  $f(63) = x_{64}$ .

## 2. S-BOXES

The function DES-SBOX1 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions (Def. 6).

(Def. 6) (DES-SBOX1)(0) = 14 and (DES-SBOX1)(1) = 4 and (DES-SBOX1)(2) = 13 and (DES-SBOX1)(3) = 1 and (DES-SBOX1)(4) = 2 and (DES-SBOX1)(5) = 15 and (DES-SBOX1)(6) = 11 and (DES-SBOX1)(7) = 8 and (DES-SBOX1)(8) = 3 and (DES-SBOX1)(9) = 10 and (DES-SBOX1)(10) = 6 and (DES-SBOX1)(11) = 12 and (DES-SBOX1)(12) = 5 and (DES-SBOX1)(13) = 9 and (DES-SBOX1)(14) = 0 and (DES-SBOX1)(15) = 7 and (DES-SBOX1)(16) = 0 and (DES-SBOX1)(17) = 15 and (DES-SBOX1)(18) = 7 and (DES-SBOX1)(19) = 4 and (DES-SBOX1)(20) = 14 and (DES-SBOX1)(21) = 2 and (DES-SBOX1)(22) = 13 and (DES-SBOX1)(23) = 1 and (DES-SBOX1)(24) = 10 and (DES-SBOX1)(25) = 6 and (DES-SBOX1)(26) = 12 and (DES-SBOX1)(27) = 11 and (DES-SBOX1)(28) = 9 and (DES-SBOX1)(29) = 5 and (DES-SBOX1)(30) = 3 and (DES-SBOX1)(31) = 8 and (DES-SBOX1)(32) = 4 and (DES-SBOX1)(33) = 1 and (DES-SBOX1)(34) = 14 and (DES-SBOX1)(35) = 8 and (DES-SBOX1)(36) = 13 and (DES-SBOX1)(37) = 6 and (DES-SBOX1)(38) = 2 and (DES-SBOX1)(39) = 11 and (DES-SBOX1)(40) = 15 and (DES-SBOX1)(41) = 12 and (DES-SBOX1)(42) = 9 and (DES-SBOX1)(43) = 7 and



(DES-SBOX1)(44) = 3 and (DES-SBOX1)(45) = 10 and (DES-SBOX1)(46) = 5 and (DES-SBOX1)(47) = 0 and (DES-SBOX1)(48) = 15 and (DES-SBOX1)(49) = 12 and (DES-SBOX1)(50) = 8 and (DES-SBOX1)(51) = 2 and (DES-SBOX1)(52) = 4 and (DES-SBOX1)(53) = 9 and (DES-SBOX1)(54) = 1 and (DES-SBOX1)(55) = 7 and (DES-SBOX1)(56) = 5 and (DES-SBOX1)(57) = 11 and (DES-SBOX1)(58) = 3 and (DES-SBOX1)(59) = 14 and (DES-SBOX1)(60) = 10 and (DES-SBOX1)(61) = 0 and (DES-SBOX1)(62) = 6 and (DES-SBOX1)(63) = 13.

The function DES-SBOX2 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions (Def. 7).

(Def. 7) (DES-SBOX2)(0) = 15 and (DES-SBOX2)(1) = 1 and (DES-SBOX2)(2) = 8 and (DES-SBOX2)(3) = 14 and (DES-SBOX2)(4) = 6 and (DES-SBOX2)(5) = 11 and (DES-SBOX2)(6) = 3 and (DES-SBOX2)(7) = 4 and (DES-SBOX2)(8) = 9 and (DES-SBOX2)(9) = 7 and (DES-SBOX2)(10) = 2 and (DES-SBOX2)(11) = 13 and (DES-SBOX2)(12) = 12 and (DES-SBOX2)(13) = 0 and (DES-SBOX2)(14) = 5 and (DES-SBOX2)(15) = 10 and (DES-SBOX2)(16) = 3 and (DES-SBOX2)(17) = 13 and (DES-SBOX2)(18) = 4 and (DES-SBOX2)(19) = 7 and (DES-SBOX2)(20) = 15 and (DES-SBOX2)(21) = 2 and (DES-SBOX2)(22) = 8 and (DES-SBOX2)(23) = 14 and (DES-SBOX2)(24) = 12 and (DES-SBOX2)(25) = 0 and (DES-SBOX2)(26) = 1 and (DES-SBOX2)(27) = 10 and (DES-SBOX2)(28) = 6 and (DES-SBOX2)(29) = 9 and (DES-SBOX2)(30) = 11 and (DES-SBOX2)(31) = 5 and (DES-SBOX2)(32) = 0 and (DES-SBOX2)(33) = 14 and (DES-SBOX2)(34) = 7 and (DES-SBOX2)(35) = 11 and (DES-SBOX2)(36) = 10 and (DES-SBOX2)(37) = 4 and (DES-SBOX2)(38) = 13 and (DES-SBOX2)(39) = 1 and (DES-SBOX2)(40) = 5 and (DES-SBOX2)(41) = 8 and (DES-SBOX2)(42) = 12 and (DES-SBOX2)(43) = 6 and (DES-SBOX2)(44) = 9 and (DES-SBOX2)(45) = 3 and (DES-SBOX2)(46) = 2 and (DES-SBOX2)(47) = 15 and (DES-SBOX2)(48) = 13 and (DES-SBOX2)(49) = 8 and (DES-SBOX2)(50) = 10 and (DES-SBOX2)(51) = 1 and (DES-SBOX2)(52) = 3 and (DES-SBOX2)(53) = 15 and (DES-SBOX2)(54) = 4 and (DES-SBOX2)(55) = 2 and (DES-SBOX2)(56) = 11 and (DES-SBOX2)(57) = 6 and (DES-SBOX2)(58) = 7 and (DES-SBOX2)(59) = 12 and (DES-SBOX2)(60) = 0 and (DES-SBOX2)(61) = 5 and (DES-SBOX2)(62) = 14 and (DES-SBOX2)(63) = 9.

The function DES-SBOX3 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions (Def. 8).

(Def. 8)  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(0) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(1) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(2) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(3) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(4) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(5) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(6) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(7) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(8) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(9) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(10) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(11) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(12) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(13) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(14) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(15) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(16) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(17) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(18) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(19) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(20) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(21) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(22) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(23) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(24) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(25) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(26) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(27) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(28) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(29) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(30) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(31) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(32) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(33) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(34) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(35) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(36) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(37) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(38) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(39) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(40) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(41) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(42) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(43) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(44) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(45) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(46) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(47) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(48) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(49) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(50) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(51) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(52) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(53) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(54) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(55) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(56) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(57) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(58) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(59) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(60) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(61) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(62) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX3})(63) = 12$ .

The function DES-SBOX4 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions (Def. 9).

(Def. 9)  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(0) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(1) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(2) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(3) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(4) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(5) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(6) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(7) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(8) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(9) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(10) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(11) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(12) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(13) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(14) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(15) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(16) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(17) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(18) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(19) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(20) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(21) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(22) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(23) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(24) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(25) = 7$

and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(26) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(27) = 12$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(28) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(29) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(30) =$   
 $14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(31) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(32) = 10$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(33) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(34) = 9$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(35) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(36) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(37) =$   
 $11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(38) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(39) = 13$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(40) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(41) = 1$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(42) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(43) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(44) =$   
 $5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(45) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(46) = 8$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(47) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(48) = 3$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(49) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(50) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(51) =$   
 $6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(52) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(53) = 1$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(54) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(55) = 8$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(56) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(57) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(58) =$   
 $5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(59) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(60) = 12$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(61) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(62) = 2$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX4})(63) = 14$ .

The function DES-SBOX5 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions  
(Def. 10).

(Def. 10)  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(0) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(1) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(2) =$   
 $4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(3) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(4) = 7$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(5) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(6) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(7) =$   
 $6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(8) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(9) = 5$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(10) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(11) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(12) =$   
 $13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(13) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(14) = 14$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(15) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(16) = 14$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(17) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(18) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(19) =$   
 $12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(20) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(21) = 7$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(22) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(23) = 1$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(24) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(25) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(26) =$   
 $15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(27) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(28) = 3$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(29) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(30) = 8$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(31) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(32) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(33) =$   
 $2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(34) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(35) = 11$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(36) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(37) = 13$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(38) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(39) = 8$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(40) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(41) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(42) =$   
 $12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(43) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(44) = 6$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(45) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(46) = 0$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(47) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(48) = 11$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(49) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(50) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(51) =$

7 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(52) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(53) = 14$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(54) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(55) = 13$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(56) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(57) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(58) =$   
 $0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(59) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(60) = 10$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(61) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(62) = 5$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX5})(63) = 3$ .

The function DES-SBOX6 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions  
 (Def. 11).

(Def. 11)  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(0) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(1) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(2) =$   
 $10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(3) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(4) = 9$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(5) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(6) = 6$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(7) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(8) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(9) =$   
 $13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(10) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(11) = 4$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(12) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(13) = 7$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(14) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(15) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(16) =$   
 $10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(17) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(18) = 4$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(19) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(20) = 7$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(21) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(22) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(23) =$   
 $5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(24) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(25) = 1$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(26) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(27) = 14$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(28) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(29) = 11$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(30) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(31) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(32) =$   
 $9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(33) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(34) = 15$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(35) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(36) = 2$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(37) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(38) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(39) =$   
 $3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(40) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(41) = 0$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(42) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(43) = 10$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(44) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(45) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(46) =$   
 $11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(47) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(48) = 4$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(49) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(50) = 2$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(51) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(52) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(53) =$   
 $5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(54) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(55) = 10$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(56) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(57) = 14$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(58) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(59) = 7$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(60) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(61) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(62) =$   
 $8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX6})(63) = 13$ .

The function DES-SBOX7 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions  
 (Def. 12).

(Def. 12)  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(0) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(1) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(2) =$   
 $2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(3) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(4) = 15$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(5) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(6) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(7) =$

$13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(8) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(9) = 12$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(10) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(11) = 7$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(12) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(13) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(14) =$   
 $6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(15) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(16) = 13$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(17) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(18) = 11$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(19) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(20) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(21) =$   
 $9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(22) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(23) = 10$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(24) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(25) = 3$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(26) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(27) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(28) =$   
 $2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(29) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(30) = 8$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(31) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(32) = 1$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(33) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(34) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(35) =$   
 $13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(36) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(37) = 3$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(38) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(39) = 14$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(40) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(41) = 15$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(42) = 6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(43) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(44) =$   
 $0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(45) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(46) = 9$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(47) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(48) = 6$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(49) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(50) = 13$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(51) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(52) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(53) =$   
 $4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(54) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(55) = 7$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(56) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(57) = 5$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(58) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(59) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(60) =$   
 $14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(61) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(62) = 3$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX7})(63) = 12$ .

The function DES-SBOX8 from 64 into 16 is defined by the conditions (Def. 13).

(Def. 13)  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(0) = 13$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(1) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(2) =$   
 $8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(3) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(4) = 6$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(5) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(6) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(7) =$   
 $1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(8) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(9) = 9$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(10) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(11) = 14$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(12) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(13) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(14) =$   
 $12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(15) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(16) = 1$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(17) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(18) = 13$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(19) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(20) = 10$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(21) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(22) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(23) =$   
 $4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(24) = 12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(25) = 5$   
 and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(26) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(27) = 11$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(28) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(29) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(30) =$   
 $9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(31) = 2$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(32) = 7$

and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(33) = 11$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(34) = 4$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(35) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(36) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(37) =$   
 $12$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(38) = 14$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(39) = 2$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(40) = 0$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(41) = 6$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(42) = 10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(43) = 13$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(44) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(45) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(46) =$   
 $5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(47) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(48) = 2$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(49) = 1$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(50) = 14$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(51) = 7$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(52) = 4$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(53) =$   
 $10$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(54) = 8$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(55) = 13$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(56) = 15$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(57) = 12$   
and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(58) = 9$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(59) = 0$  and  
 $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(60) = 3$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(61) = 5$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(62) =$   
 $6$  and  $(\text{DES-SBOX8})(63) = 11$ .

### 3. INITIAL PERMUTATION

Let  $r$  be an element of *Boolean*<sup>64</sup>. The functor  $\text{DES-IP } r$  yields an element of *Boolean*<sup>64</sup> and is defined by the conditions (Def. 14).

(Def. 14)  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(1) = r(58)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(2) = r(50)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(3) =$   
 $r(42)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(4) = r(34)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(5) = r(26)$   
and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(6) = r(18)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(7) = r(10)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(8) = r(2)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(9) = r(60)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(10) =$   
 $r(52)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(11) = r(44)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(12) = r(36)$   
and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(13) = r(28)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(14) = r(20)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(15) = r(12)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(16) = r(4)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(17) =$   
 $r(62)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(18) = r(54)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(19) = r(46)$   
and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(20) = r(38)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(21) = r(30)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(22) = r(22)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(23) = r(14)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(24) =$   
 $r(6)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(25) = r(64)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(26) = r(56)$   
and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(27) = r(48)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(28) = r(40)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(29) = r(32)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(30) = r(24)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(31) =$   
 $r(16)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(32) = r(8)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(33) = r(57)$   
and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(34) = r(49)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(35) = r(41)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(36) = r(33)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(37) = r(25)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(38) =$   
 $r(17)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(39) = r(9)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(40) = r(1)$   
and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(41) = r(59)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(42) = r(51)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(43) = r(43)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(44) = r(35)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(45) =$   
 $r(27)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(46) = r(19)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(47) = r(11)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-IP } r)(48) = r(3)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(49) = r(61)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(50) =$   
 $r(53)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(51) = r(45)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(52) = r(37)$

and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(53) = r(29)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(54) = r(21)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(55) = r(13)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(56) = r(5)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(57) = r(63)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(58) = r(55)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(59) = r(47)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(60) = r(39)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(61) = r(31)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(62) = r(23)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(63) = r(15)$  and  $(\text{DES-IP } r)(64) = r(7)$ .

The function DES-PIP from  $\text{Boolean}^{64}$  into  $\text{Boolean}^{64}$  is defined by:

(Def. 15) For every element  $i$  of  $\text{Boolean}^{64}$  holds  $(\text{DES-PIP})(i) = \text{DES-IP } i$ .

Let  $r$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{64}$ . The functor  $\text{DES-IPINV } r$  yields an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{64}$  and is defined by the conditions (Def. 16).

(Def. 16)  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(1) = r(40)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(2) = r(8)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(3) = r(48)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(4) = r(16)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(5) = r(56)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(6) = r(24)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(7) = r(64)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(8) = r(32)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(9) = r(39)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(10) = r(7)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(11) = r(47)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(12) = r(15)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(13) = r(55)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(14) = r(23)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(15) = r(63)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(16) = r(31)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(17) = r(38)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(18) = r(6)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(19) = r(46)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(20) = r(14)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(21) = r(54)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(22) = r(22)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(23) = r(62)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(24) = r(30)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(25) = r(37)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(26) = r(5)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(27) = r(45)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(28) = r(13)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(29) = r(53)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(30) = r(21)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(31) = r(61)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(32) = r(29)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(33) = r(36)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(34) = r(4)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(35) = r(44)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(36) = r(12)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(37) = r(52)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(38) = r(20)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(39) = r(60)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(40) = r(28)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(41) = r(35)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(42) = r(3)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(43) = r(43)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(44) = r(11)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(45) = r(51)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(46) = r(19)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(47) = r(59)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(48) = r(27)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(49) = r(34)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(50) = r(2)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(51) = r(42)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(52) = r(10)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(53) = r(50)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(54) = r(18)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(55) = r(58)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(56) = r(26)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(57) = r(33)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(58) = r(1)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(59) = r(41)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(60) = r(9)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(61) = r(49)$  and  $(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(62) = r(17)$  and

$$(\text{DES-IPINV } r)(63) = r(57) \text{ and } (\text{DES-IPINV } r)(64) = r(25).$$

The function DES-PIPINV from  $\text{Boolean}^{64}$  into  $\text{Boolean}^{64}$  is defined by:

(Def. 17) For every element  $i$  of  $\text{Boolean}^{64}$  holds  $(\text{DES-PIPINV})(i) = \text{DES-IPINV } i$ .

Let us note that DES-PIP is bijective.

Let us note that DES-PIPINV is bijective.

The following proposition is true

$$(36) \quad \text{DES-PIPINV} = (\text{DES-PIP})^{-1}.$$

#### 4. FEISTEL FUNCTION

Let  $r$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{32}$ . The functor DES- $Er$  yielding an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{48}$  is defined by the conditions (Def. 18).

(Def. 18)  $(\text{DES-}Er)(1) = r(32)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(2) = r(1)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(3) = r(2)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(4) = r(3)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(5) = r(4)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(6) = r(5)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(7) = r(4)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(8) = r(5)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(9) = r(6)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(10) = r(7)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(11) = r(8)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(12) = r(9)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(13) = r(8)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(14) = r(9)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(15) = r(10)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(16) = r(11)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(17) = r(12)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(18) = r(13)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(19) = r(12)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(20) = r(13)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(21) = r(14)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(22) = r(15)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(23) = r(16)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(24) = r(17)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(25) = r(16)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(26) = r(17)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(27) = r(18)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(28) = r(19)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(29) = r(20)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(30) = r(21)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(31) = r(20)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(32) = r(21)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(33) = r(22)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(34) = r(23)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(35) = r(24)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(36) = r(25)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(37) = r(24)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(38) = r(25)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(39) = r(26)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(40) = r(27)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(41) = r(28)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(42) = r(29)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(43) = r(28)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(44) = r(29)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(45) = r(30)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(46) = r(31)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(47) = r(32)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Er)(48) = r(1)$ .

Let  $r$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{32}$ . The functor DES- $Pr$  yielding an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{32}$  is defined by the conditions (Def. 19).

(Def. 19)  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(1) = r(16)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(2) = r(7)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(3) = r(20)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(4) = r(21)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(5) = r(29)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(6) = r(12)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(7) = r(28)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(8) = r(17)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(9) = r(1)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(10) = r(15)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(11) = r(23)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(12) = r(26)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(13) = r(5)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(14) = r(18)$  and  $(\text{DES-}Pr)(15) = r(31)$  and



$(\text{DES-P } r)(16) = r(10)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(17) = r(2)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(18) = r(8)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(19) = r(24)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(20) = r(14)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(21) = r(32)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(22) = r(27)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(23) = r(3)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(24) = r(9)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(25) = r(19)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(26) = r(13)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(27) = r(30)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(28) = r(6)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(29) = r(22)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(30) = r(11)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(31) = r(4)$  and  $(\text{DES-P } r)(32) = r(25)$ .

Let  $r$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{48}$ . The functor  $\text{DES-DIV8 } r$  yielding an element of  $(\text{Boolean}^6)^8$  is defined by the conditions (Def. 20).

(Def. 20)  $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(1) = \text{Op-Left}(r, 6)$  and  $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(2) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 6), 6)$  and  $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(3) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 12), 6)$  and  $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(4) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 18), 6)$  and  $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(5) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 24), 6)$  and  $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(6) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 30), 6)$  and  $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(7) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{Op-Right}(r, 36), 6)$  and  $(\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(8) = \text{Op-Right}(r, 42)$ .

Next we state the proposition

(37) Let  $r$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{48}$ . Then there exist elements  $s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6, s_7, s_8$  of  $\text{Boolean}^6$  such that  $s_1 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(1)$  and  $s_2 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(2)$  and  $s_3 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(3)$  and  $s_4 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(4)$  and  $s_5 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(5)$  and  $s_6 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(6)$  and  $s_7 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(7)$  and  $s_8 = (\text{DES-DIV8 } r)(8)$  and  $r = s_1 \wedge s_2 \wedge s_3 \wedge s_4 \wedge s_5 \wedge s_6 \wedge s_7 \wedge s_8$ .

Let  $t$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^6$ . The functor  $\text{B6toN64 } t$  yielding an element of 64 is defined by:

(Def. 21)  $\text{B6toN64 } t = 32 \cdot t(1) + 16 \cdot t(6) + 8 \cdot t(2) + 4 \cdot t(3) + 2 \cdot t(4) + 1 \cdot t(5)$ .

The function  $\text{N16toB4}$  from 16 into  $\text{Boolean}^4$  is defined by the conditions (Def. 22).

(Def. 22)  $(\text{N16toB4})(0) = \langle 0, 0, 0, 0 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(1) = \langle 0, 0, 0, 1 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(2) = \langle 0, 0, 1, 0 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(3) = \langle 0, 0, 1, 1 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(4) = \langle 0, 1, 0, 0 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(5) = \langle 0, 1, 0, 1 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(6) = \langle 0, 1, 1, 0 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(7) = \langle 0, 1, 1, 1 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(8) = \langle 1, 0, 0, 0 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(9) = \langle 1, 0, 0, 1 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(10) = \langle 1, 0, 1, 0 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(11) = \langle 1, 0, 1, 1 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(12) = \langle 1, 1, 0, 0 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(13) = \langle 1, 1, 0, 1 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(14) = \langle 1, 1, 1, 0 \rangle$  and  $(\text{N16toB4})(15) = \langle 1, 1, 1, 1 \rangle$ .

Let  $R$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{32}$  and let  $R_2$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{48}$ . The functor  $\text{DES-F}(R, R_2)$  yields an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{32}$  and is defined by the condition (Def. 23).

(Def. 23) There exist elements  $D_1, D_2, D_3, D_4, D_5, D_6, D_7, D_8$  of  $\text{Boolean}^6$  and

there exist elements  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8$  of  $Boolean^4$  and there exists an element  $C_{32}$  of  $Boolean^{32}$  such that

$D_1 = (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(1)$  and  
 $D_2 = (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(2)$  and  
 $D_3 = (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(3)$  and  
 $D_4 = (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(4)$  and  
 $D_5 = (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(5)$  and  
 $D_6 = (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(6)$  and  
 $D_7 = (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(7)$  and  
 $D_8 = (\text{DES-DIV8 Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2))(8)$  and  
 $\text{Op-XOR}(\text{DES-E } R, R_2) = D_1 \wedge D_2 \wedge D_3 \wedge D_4 \wedge D_5 \wedge D_6 \wedge D_7 \wedge D_8$  and  $x_1 = (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX1})(\text{B6toN64 } D_1))$  and  $x_2 = (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX2})(\text{B6toN64 } D_2))$  and  
 $x_3 = (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX3})(\text{B6toN64 } D_3))$  and  
 $x_4 = (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX4})(\text{B6toN64 } D_4))$  and  
 $x_5 = (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX5})(\text{B6toN64 } D_5))$  and  
 $x_6 = (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX6})(\text{B6toN64 } D_6))$  and  
 $x_7 = (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX7})(\text{B6toN64 } D_7))$  and  
 $x_8 = (\text{N16toB4})((\text{DES-SBOX8})(\text{B6toN64 } D_8))$  and  $C_{32} = x_1 \wedge x_2 \wedge x_3 \wedge x_4 \wedge x_5 \wedge x_6 \wedge x_7 \wedge x_8$  and  $\text{DES-F}(R, R_2) = \text{DES-P } C_{32}$ .

The function  $\text{DES-FFUNC}$  from  $Boolean^{32} \times Boolean^{48}$  into  $Boolean^{32}$  is defined as follows:

(Def. 24) For every element  $z$  of  $Boolean^{32} \times Boolean^{48}$  holds  $(\text{DES-FFUNC})(z) = \text{DES-F}(z_1, z_2)$ .

## 5. KEY SCHEDULE

Let  $r$  be an element of  $Boolean^{64}$ . The functor  $\text{DES-PC1 } r$  yields an element of  $Boolean^{56}$  and is defined by the conditions (Def. 25).

(Def. 25)  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(1) = r(57)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(2) = r(49)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(3) = r(41)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(4) = r(33)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(5) = r(25)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(6) = r(17)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(7) = r(9)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(8) = r(1)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(9) = r(58)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(10) = r(50)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(11) = r(42)$   
and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(12) = r(34)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(13) = r(26)$   
and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(14) = r(18)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(15) = r(10)$   
and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(16) = r(2)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(17) = r(59)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(18) = r(51)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(19) = r(43)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(20) = r(35)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(21) = r(27)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(22) = r(19)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(23) = r(11)$  and  
 $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(24) = r(3)$  and  $(\text{DES-PC1 } r)(25) = r(60)$  and

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(26) &= r(52) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(27) = r(44) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(28) &= r(36) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(29) = r(63) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(30) &= r(55) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(31) = r(47) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(32) &= r(39) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(33) = r(31) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(34) &= r(23) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(35) = r(15) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(36) &= r(7) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(37) = r(62) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(38) &= r(54) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(39) = r(46) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(40) &= r(38) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(41) = r(30) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(42) &= r(22) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(43) = r(14) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(44) &= r(6) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(45) = r(61) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(46) &= r(53) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(47) = r(45) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(48) &= r(37) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(49) = r(29) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(50) &= r(21) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(51) = r(13) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(52) &= r(5) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(53) = r(28) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(54) &= r(20) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(55) = r(12) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC1 } r)(56) &= r(4).
 \end{aligned}$$

Let  $r$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{56}$ . The functor  $\text{DES-PC2 } r$  yielding an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{48}$  is defined by the conditions (Def. 26).

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\text{Def. 26}) \quad (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(1) &= r(14) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(2) = r(17) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(3) &= r(11) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(4) = r(24) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(5) &= r(1) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(6) = r(5) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(7) = \\
 &r(3) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(8) = r(28) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(9) = r(15) \\
 \text{and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(10) &= r(6) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(11) = r(21) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(12) &= r(10) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(13) = r(23) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(14) &= r(19) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(15) = r(12) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(16) &= r(4) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(17) = r(26) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(18) &= r(8) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(19) = r(16) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(20) &= r(7) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(21) = r(27) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(22) &= r(20) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(23) = r(13) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(24) &= r(2) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(25) = r(41) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(26) &= r(52) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(27) = r(31) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(28) &= r(37) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(29) = r(47) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(30) &= r(55) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(31) = r(30) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(32) &= r(40) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(33) = r(51) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(34) &= r(45) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(35) = r(33) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(36) &= r(48) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(37) = r(44) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(38) &= r(49) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(39) = r(39) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(40) &= r(56) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(41) = r(34) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(42) &= r(53) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(43) = r(46) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(44) &= r(42) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(45) = r(50) \text{ and} \\
 (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(46) &= r(36) \text{ and } (\text{DES-PC2 } r)(47) = r(29) \text{ and}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(\text{DES-PC2 } r)(48) = r(32).$$

The finite sequence  $\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}}$  of elements of  $\mathbb{N}$  is defined by the conditions (Def. 27).

- (Def. 27)  $\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}}$  is 16-element and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(1) = 1$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(2) = 1$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(3) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(4) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(5) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(6) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(7) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(8) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(9) = 1$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(10) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(11) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(12) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(13) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(14) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(15) = 2$  and  $(\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(16) = 1$ .

Let  $K_1$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{64}$ . The functor  $\text{DES-KS } K_1$  yielding an element of  $(\text{Boolean}^{48})^{16}$  is defined by the condition (Def. 28).

- (Def. 28) There exist sequences  $C, D$  of  $\text{Boolean}^{28}$  such that
- (i)  $C(0) = \text{Op-Left}(\text{DES-PC1 } K_1, 28)$ ,
  - (ii)  $D(0) = \text{Op-Right}(\text{DES-PC1 } K_1, 28)$ , and
  - (iii) for every element  $i$  of  $\mathbb{N}$  such that  $0 \leq i \leq 15$  holds  $(\text{DES-KS } K_1)(i+1) = \text{DES-PC2}(C(i+1) \wedge D(i+1))$  and  $C(i+1) = \text{Op-Shift}(C(i), (\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(i))$  and  $D(i+1) = \text{Op-Shift}(D(i), (\text{bitshift}_{\text{DES}})(i))$ .

## 6. ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION

Let  $n, m, k$  be non empty elements of  $\mathbb{N}$ , let  $R_1$  be an element of  $(\text{Boolean}^m)^k$ , let  $F$  be a function from  $\text{Boolean}^n \times \text{Boolean}^m$  into  $\text{Boolean}^n$ , let  $I_1$  be a permutation of  $\text{Boolean}^{2 \cdot n}$ , and let  $M$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{2 \cdot n}$ . The functor  $\text{DES-like-CoDec}(M, F, I_1, R_1)$  yields an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{2 \cdot n}$  and is defined by the condition (Def. 29).

- (Def. 29) There exist sequences  $L, R$  of  $\text{Boolean}^n$  such that
- (i)  $L(0) = \text{SP-Left } I_1(M)$ ,
  - (ii)  $R(0) = \text{SP-Right } I_1(M)$ ,
  - (iii) for every element  $i$  of  $\mathbb{N}$  such that  $0 \leq i \leq k-1$  holds  $L(i+1) = R(i)$  and  $R(i+1) = \text{Op-XOR}(L(i), F(R(i), (R_1)_{i+1}))$ , and
  - (iv)  $\text{DES-like-CoDec}(M, F, I_1, R_1) = I_1^{-1}(R(k) \wedge L(k))$ .

The following proposition is true

- (38) Let  $n, m, k$  be non empty elements of  $\mathbb{N}$ ,  $R_1$  be an element of  $(\text{Boolean}^m)^k$ ,  $F$  be a function from  $\text{Boolean}^n \times \text{Boolean}^m$  into  $\text{Boolean}^n$ ,  $I_1$  be a permutation of  $\text{Boolean}^{2 \cdot n}$ , and  $M$  be an element of  $\text{Boolean}^{2 \cdot n}$ . Then  $\text{DES-like-CoDec}(\text{DES-like-CoDec}(M, F, I_1, R_1), F, I_1, \text{Rev}(R_1)) = M$ .

Let  $R_1$  be an element of  $(\text{Boolean}^{48})^{16}$ , let  $F$  be a function from  $\text{Boolean}^{32} \times \text{Boolean}^{48}$  into  $\text{Boolean}^{32}$ , let  $I_1$  be a permutation of  $\text{Boolean}^{64}$ , and let  $M$  be an

element of  $Boolean^{64}$ . The functor  $DES-CoDec(M, F, I_1, R_1)$  yielding an element of  $Boolean^{64}$  is defined by:

- (Def. 30) There exists a permutation  $I_2$  of  $Boolean^{2 \cdot 32}$  and there exists an element  $M_1$  of  $Boolean^{2 \cdot 32}$  such that  $I_2 = I_1$  and  $M_1 = M$  and  $DES-CoDec(M, F, I_1, R_1) = DES-like-CoDec(M_1, F, I_2, R_1)$ .

The following proposition is true

- (39) Let  $R_1$  be an element of  $(Boolean^{48})^{16}$ ,  $F$  be a function from  $Boolean^{32} \times Boolean^{48}$  into  $Boolean^{32}$ ,  $I_1$  be a permutation of  $Boolean^{64}$ , and  $M$  be an element of  $Boolean^{64}$ .

Then  $DES-CoDec(DES-CoDec(M, F, I_1, R_1), F, I_1, Rev(R_1)) = M$ .

Let  $p_1, s_9$  be elements of  $Boolean^{64}$ . The functor  $DES-ENC(p_1, s_9)$  yields an element of  $Boolean^{64}$  and is defined by:

- (Def. 31)  $DES-ENC(p_1, s_9) = DES-CoDec(p_1, DES-FFUNC, DES-PIP, DES-KS s_9)$ .

Let  $c_1, s_9$  be elements of  $Boolean^{64}$ . The functor  $DES-DEC(c_1, s_9)$  yields an element of  $Boolean^{64}$  and is defined as follows:

- (Def. 32)  $DES-DEC(c_1, s_9) =$   
 $DES-CoDec(c_1, DES-FFUNC, DES-PIP, Rev(DES-KS s_9))$ .

The following proposition is true

- (40) For all elements  $m_1, s_9$  of  $Boolean^{64}$  holds  
 $DES-DEC(DES-ENC(m_1, s_9), s_9) = m_1$ .

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